## STATE OF MICHIGAN IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF OAKLAND BUSINESS COURT

	Case No Hon	
Plaintiff,		
v.		
<b>Defendant.</b>		
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	STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER  At a session of Court held in the City of Pontiac, County of Oakland, State of Michigan, on	
	PRESENT: HONORABLE Circuit Judge	

Pursuant to MCR 2.302(C), the Court's authority, and on stipulation of the parties,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that any party or non-party (the "producing party") may designate information, documents, or things as "Confidential" under the following terms and conditions:

1. Any document, information, or thing may be designated "Confidential" if the producing party determines in good faith that it (a) contains confidential, competitively sensitive, or proprietary information

that is not readily ascertainable through lawful means by the public, (b) that if disclosed publicly would

likely cause oppression, competitive disadvantage, infringement of privacy rights established by statute or

regulation, or infringement of confidentiality requirements established by statute or regulation, (c) is or

contains information subject to a confidentiality agreement, (d) contains Protected Health Information as

defined by 45 CFR § 160.103, or (e) that if used for purposes other than those authorized by this Order could

cause oppression or competitive disadvantage.

2. A producing party may designate any document or other tangible information or thing as

"Confidential" by conspicuously stamping or appending the appropriate designation. In the case of a paper

document, a producing party may so mark the first page of a multipage document or each applicable page. In

the case of an electronic document, a producing party may append to that document the appropriate

designation that does not alter the metadata associated with the document or may place the appropriate

designation mark "CONFIDENTIAL" on the outside of the medium (whether disc, hard drive, etc.)

containing the document.

3. A copy of this protective order shall be served with any subpoena seeking documents or information

from a non-party.

4. A non-producing party may also designate any document, information, or things produced during the

course of this proceeding, not already designated "Confidential" as "Confidential" as if it were a producing

party. The non-producing party shall accomplish such designation by notifying all parties in writing of the

specific item so designated.

5. A producing party may designate documents, information, or things disclosed at a deposition as

"Confidential" on the record during the deposition or, within 30 days of receiving the deposition transcript,

by notifying all parties in writing of the specific item so designated or the lines and pages of the transcript

that are "Confidential." All deposition transcripts and exhibits will be deemed Confidential for a period of

30 days after the receipt of the deposition transcript.

**a.** If a producing party designates such materials as "Confidential" on the record, the court

reporter shall indicate on the cover page that the transcript includes "Confidential" information and shall list

bind the transcript in separate portions containing "Confidential," and non-Confidential material. Further,

during the period in which such "Confidential" information is discussed during the deposition, any person

present during the deposition who is not authorized to receive such information under Paragraph 10 below,

shall be excluded from that portion of the deposition.

**b.** A non-producing party may designate documents, information, or things disclosed at a

deposition as "Confidential" in the same manner as a producing party.

**6.** If a party producing documents inadvertently fails to mark a document as "Confidential" for which it

desires such treatment, it shall so inform the party receiving the documents forthwith, but in no event later

than thirty (30) days following the discovery of the inadvertent disclosure. The receiving party thereupon

shall return the unmarked documents to the producing party and the producing party shall substitute

properly marked documents.

7. The inadvertent or unintentional disclosure by a producing party supplying confidential discovery

material, regardless of whether such discovery material was designated as "Confidential," shall not be

deemed a waiver in whole or in part of the producing party's claim of confidentiality with respect to the

discovery material disclosed, provided that the producing party making such inadvertent or unintentional

disclosure notifies the receiving parties forthwith, but in no event later than thirty (30) days after it learns

of such inadvertent or unintentional disclosure. If discovery material was disclosed and is subsequently

designated as "Confidential," the disclosing party shall make good faith efforts to preserve the

"Confidential" nature of such discovery material and to obtain compliance with this Order from any person

to whom such discovery material was disclosed.

**8.** If a producing party, at the time of disclosure, inadvertently fails to identify as "Confidential" any

discovery material (including, without limitation, documents, oral, visual, or recorded information) for

which it desires such treatment, and another party files the material with the Court prior to receiving notice

that such material was inadvertently disclosed without the desired designation, the producing party who

made the inadvertent disclosure shall be responsible for seeking appropriate relief from the Court.

9. Should any party object to a designation of any information, documents, or things as "Confidential,"

the parties or the producing party shall, on an expedited basis, meet and confer in a good faith attempt to

reach an agreement regarding the status of the information, documents, or things. The parties are strongly

encouraged to resolve all such objections and, if appropriate, utilize the services of a neutral to assist the

parties in the resolution of the dispute. If an objection is not thereby resolved, a party may bring the dispute

before the Court on an expedited basis for a determination. The party claiming the "Confidential"

designation shall have the burden of proving good cause for the entry of an order maintaining the

designation of the information, documents, or testimony under the terms of this Stipulated Protective

Order. Until the Court makes such determination, all material designated as "Confidential" shall be treated

as such.

10. All information, documents, or things produced, exchanged, or inspected in the course of this

proceeding shall be used solely for the purposes of this proceeding [Alternatively, the parties may strike

through the prior sentence if the parties specifically agree that the information may be used in another

proceeding including substantially similar parties or substantially similar issues].

11. All documents, information, or things designated as "Confidential" shall be made available only to

the Court's staff and to counsel for the parties (including the paralegal, clerical, and secretarial staff

employed by such counsel in connection with this case) and the following persons:

**a.** The parties and those agents and employees that are directly involved in the prosecution or

defense of this matter;

**b.** experts or consultants (together with their clerical staff) retained by the respective parties to

assist in this case;

**c.** any court reporter employed in this case;

**d.** a witness at any deposition or other proceeding in this case;

**e.** a potential witness; and

f. any other person with the written consent of the parties (and any affected non-party

producing party) or upon order of the Court.

12. Materials designated as "Confidential" shall not be made available to persons other than those

authorized in paragraphs 11 above - even if attached to or contained within otherwise non-Confidential

materials, such as transcripts, memoranda, discovery responses, or affidavits. The "Confidential"

information must be removed before the remaining materials may be made available to those other persons.

13. Materials designated as "Confidential" shall not be disclosed by opposing counsel to a former employee of Plaintiff or Defendant, respectively, to a witness at any deposition or other proceeding in this case, to a potential witness, or to a testifying or non-testifying expert or consultant, or to any other person who was given consent, unless and until such person has first been supplied with and has read a copy of this Order and has executed a copy of the Confidentiality Agreement attached as <a href="Exhibit A.">Exhibit A.</a>. Current employees of Plaintiff and Defendant are not required to execute a copy of the Confidentiality Agreement, but must be advised regarding the provisions of this Protective Order.

**14.** Counsel shall maintain files containing materials designated as "Confidential" in a secure location. This provision shall not prevent use of an ESI vendor or host who restricts access to those persons permitted to review Confidential materials as set forth in this Order.

15. No documents, information, or things designated as "Confidential," including that contained in pleadings, motions, briefs, declarations, or exhibits (except in sealed envelopes) shall be filed with the Court. Such sealed envelopes shall bear the case caption and shall recite a concise, non-disclosing inventory of their contents for docketing purposes. Additionally, in the case of materials or information designated "Confidential," such sealed envelopes shall prominently bear the notice:

## CONTAINS CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER. TO BE OPENED ONLY BY OR AS DIRECTED BY THE COURT.

To the extent practical, only those portions of a filing with the Court that contains material designated as "Confidential" shall be filed under seal or provided to the Court for *in-camera* inspection. The Court and its staff shall maintain all filings so designated pending further order or direction from the Court. Provided that no "Confidential" information is disclosed, the parties may generally refer to documents designated as "Confidential" in pleadings, motions, briefs, affidavits, or exhibits filed with the Court, without filing such pleadings, motions, briefs, affidavits, or exhibits under seal.

**16.** Nothing in this Order shall preclude any party or their attorneys from:

**a.** Showing materials designated as "Confidential" to an individual who either prepared or

reviewed the document, or is shown by the document, to have received the document.

**b.** Disclosing or using, in any manner or for any purpose, any information, documents, or

things from the party's own files that the party itself designated as "Confidential."

**c.** Disclosing or using, in any manner or for any purpose, any information, document, or thing

at the trial of this matter. But if a party intends to use or offer into evidence at such trial any materials

designated as "Confidential," that party must, unless otherwise ordered by the Court, so inform the producing

party in a reasonable time in advance to allow the producing party to take such steps that it deems reasonably

necessary to preserve the confidentiality of such information or documents.

**d.** Redacting information from documents produced in accordance with the discovery process,

including information that is irrelevant to this action and would provide the opposing party with a business

advantage over the producing party if it is produced. Nothing in this subsection limits the opposing party

from challenging such redactions before this Court.

17. If a party is served with a subpoena or similar process, from any person or entity whatsoever,

directing that party to produce any materials designated as "Confidential" by another party, counsel for that

party shall immediately give counsel for the designating party written notice of such service so that the

designating party may seek a protective order or otherwise act to protect the confidentiality of the designated

materials.

18. Within sixty (60) days of the conclusion of this action, including any appeals, all originals and

reproductions of any materials designated as "Confidential" shall be destroyed at the request of the opposing

party; provided, however, counsel for the parties may retain one complete set (including exhibits) of pleadings

and motion papers filed with the Court, and one complete copy of deposition testimony given in this action, in

addition to materials designated as "Confidential" in a secure location - subject to any applicable Statute of

Limitations. Upon request, counsel for the receiving party shall provide written verification to the producing

party that all copies of such materials produced to the receiving party have been destroyed, other than as

indicated in this paragraph. Materials designated as "Confidential" that are in the custody of the Court are

excepted from the terms of this paragraph.

19. If information or materials are inadvertently produced that are subject to a claim of attorney-client privilege, attorney work product or any other ground on which production of such information or materials should not be made to a party, such production shall in no way prejudice or otherwise constitute a waiver of, or estoppel as to, any claim of privilege, work product or other ground for withholding production to which the producing party would otherwise be entitled. Any and all facially privileged or work product materials inadvertently produced shall be returned promptly, when discovered. Any other inadvertently produced privileged materials shall be promptly returned upon the request of the producing party.<sup>1</sup>

20. The terms of this Order shall remain in effect after the action and any related appeals are concluded, except that there shall no longer be any restriction on the use of materials designated as "Confidential" that are used as exhibits at trial (unless such exhibits were used under seal or protective order at trial).

Dated:	
	HONCircuit Court Judge
I stipulate to entry of the above order:	S
Attorney for Plaintiff	Attorney for Defendant

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This Court continues to enforce ABA Rule of Professional Conduct Formal Opinion 92-368 (1992) which has been withdrawn.

JUDGE VALENTINE AND JUDGE WARREN'S STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER.

## EXHIBIT A CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT

I,		, state that:
	1.	My address is
	2.	My present employer is and the address of my employer is
	3.	My present occupation is
	4.	I have received a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order in the case of
		, Case No Oakland County Circuit Court of Michigan.
	5.	I submit to the jurisdiction of the Oakland County Circuit Court for purposes of enforcement of
		the Stipulated Protective Order.
	6.	I have carefully read and understand the provisions of the Stipulated Protective Order, and I
		will comply with all of its provisions.
	Pu	rsuant to MCR 1.109(D)(3)(b):
	I d	eclare under the penalties of perjury that this document has been examined by me and that its
	cor	ntents are true to the best of my information, knowledge, and belief.
Dated	:	